

# A Finding Aid to the James McNeill Whistler Collection, 1863-1906, circa 1940, in the Archives of American Art

Stephanie Ashley

Funding for the processing and digitization of this collection was provided by the Terra Foundation for American Art

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Archives of American Art 750 9th Street, NW Victor Building, Suite 2200 Washington, D.C. 20001 https://www.aaa.si.edu/services/questions https://www.aaa.si.edu/

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## **Collection Overview**

Repository: Archives of American Art

Title: James McNeill Whistler collection

**Date:** 1863-1906, circa 1940

**Identifier:** AAA.whisjame2

Creator: Whistler, James McNeill, 1834-1903

**Extent:** 0.2 Linear feet

Language: English .

**Summary:** The collection measures 0.2 linear feet and provides scattered

documentation of the career of American-born British-based painter and etcher James McNeill Whistler (1834-1903) through 39 items from Whistler to various recipients, including 25 letters, 9 telegraphs, 3 invitations, one thank you card and a postcard. The collection also contains 4 letters from others, 7 catalogs of Whistler exhibitions, a note from the back of Whistler's painting *The Beach at Selsey Bill*, and a 1906 copy of *Wilde v. Whistler: being an acromonious correspondence on art between Oscar Wilde and James A. McNeill Whistler*, a pamphlet containing letters originally published in London

newspapers between 1885 and 1890.

#### **Administrative Information**

#### Provenance

The collection was compiled from a series of accessions donated between 1959 and 2003. Most of the items in the collection were given to the Archives of American Art by Charles Feinberg in 1959. The pamphlet *Wilde v. Whistler* was donated by Mrs. Lois Field in 1964 and an invitation to Dr. and Mrs. Burnett was donated by Martha Fleischman in 2003.

# Related Material

The Archives holds several collections relating to James McNeill Whistler including the Katherine Prince collection relating to James McNeill Whistler, 1835- 1892; Edward Guthrie Kennedy papers concerning James McNeill Whistler in the New York Public Library, 1850-1902 and Selected papers concerning James McNeill Whistler in the New York Public Library, 1830-1950 (available on microfilm only, reel N25; originals reside at the New York Public Library); and James McNeill Whistler collection in the University of Glasgow, Special Collections, circa 1830-1963 (available on microfilm only, reels 4600-4611 and 4683-4699; originals reside in the Glasgow University Library, Dept. of Special Collections).

#### Alternative Forms Available

This site provides access to the **James McNeill Whistler** collection in the Archives of American Art that was digitized in 2011. The collection has been scanned in entirety, and totals 243 images.

# **Processing Information**

The collection was fully processed and a finding aid prepared by Stephanie Ashley in 2011. The collection was digitized in its entirety in 2011. Processing and digitization of the collection were funded by the Terra Foundation for American Art.

# **Preferred Citation**

James McNeill Whistler collection, 1863-1906, circa 1940. Archives of American Art, Smithsonian Institution.

#### Restrictions on Access

Use of original papers requires an appointment.

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# **Biographical Note**

London-based painter and etcher, James McNeill Whistler (1834-1903) was born in Lowell, Massachusetts and lived in St. Petersburg and London as a child before returning to the United States on the death of his father in 1849. After a failed attempt at a military career at West Point from 1851-1853, he worked as a draftsman for the Coast Survey from 1854-1855 where he received technical instruction in etching. Whistler then left for Paris and remained an expatriot for the rest of his life, living alternately in Paris and London. He studied briefly in Paris at the Ecole Impériale, but was influenced more heavily by his own studies of the great masters and his contemporaries, including Henri Fantin-Latour, Charles Baudelaire, Gustave Courbet, and Edouard Manet.

Whistler's reputation as an etcher was firmly established with the 1858 publication of his group of "French Set" etchings. Shortly thereafter he settled in London and began work on his first major painting *At the Piano* (1859). His paintings, such as *Symphony in White No. 1 The White Girl*, (1862; National Gallery of Art, Washington, D.C.) and later portraits such as *Arrangement in Black and Grey No. 1: The Artist's Mother* (1871; Musée d'Orsay, Paris), won him international acclaim. His style was not easily defined although he was influenced by Realism and Impressionism and by Japanese art styles, which can be seen in his "Nocturne" landscapes, exhibited in 1877 at the Grovesnor Gallery in London, and influenced the development of his "butterfly signature" in the 1860s.

When art critic John Ruskin wrote a scathing review of the "Nocturnes" exhibition, Whistler sued for libel and won, although the resulting legal fees drove him into bankruptcy. He spent 14 months in Venice on a commission for the Fine Art Society and produced a succession of etchings and pastels that were subsequently exhibited in 1883 and helped to stabilize his financial situation.

In 1885 Whistler, famous for his witty and flamboyant personality, published his *Ten O'Clock Lecture* which espoused his belief in "art for arts sake," and asserted his refusal to ascribe narratives or morality to his art. Whistler's "Ten O'Clock" drew a response from Oscar Wilde and a public discourse between the two men followed in the London newspapers. It was later published in the pamphlet *Wilde v. Whistler: being an acrimonious correspondence on art between Oscar Wilde and James A. McNeill Whistler.* 

In 1890 Whistler published *The Gentle Art of Making Enemies*, a collection of his best letters and witticisms. The book had originally been the idea of American journalist Sheridan Ford, to whom Whistler had advanced money which he then withdrew with the intent of completing the project alone. When Ford retaliated with

a contraband edition of the book, Whistler pursued him through the courts and Ford was tried in Belgium in 1891.

Toward the end of his life Whistler focused increasingly on etching, drypoint and lithography, in addition to interior decoration such as the Peacock Room for Frederick Leyland's London residence begun in 1876. A happy marriage to Beatrix Godwin in 1888 ended in her death in May 1896. By the time of his death in London in 1903, Whistler was regarded as major artist of international renown.

# **Scope and Content Note**

The collection measures 0.2 linear feet and provides scattered documentation of the career of American-born British-based painter and etcher James McNeill Whistler (1834-1903) through 39 items from Whistler to various recipients, including 25 letters, 9 telegraphs, 3 invitations, one thank you card and a postcard. The collection also contains 4 letters from others, 7 catalogs of Whistler exhibitions, a note from the back of Whistler's painting *The Beach at Selsey Bill*, and a 1906 copy of *Wilde v. Whistler: being an acromonious correspondence on art between Oscar Wilde and James A. McNeill Whistler*, a pamphlet containing letters originally published in London newspapers between 1885 and 1890.

The Whistler letters found here touch on some important events in Whistler's career. One letter to George Lucas, an American art dealer in Paris, discusses his plans to send *Symphony in White, No. 1: The White Girl* to the Paris Salon of 1863. Rejected by the Royal Academy of Arts in London in 1862, the painting was also refused by the Paris Salon but shown ultimately in the landmark exhibition at the Salon des Refusés.

Also found are a circa 1879 letter to the eldest son of Robert E. Lee, General George Washington Custis Lee, with whom Whistler had been a cadet at West Point, recommending sculptor Joseph Boehm for an equestrian statue for memorializing Lee and expressing Whistler's veneration for the Confederate general; a circa 1880 letter from Whistler, written during his 14 months in Venice, to Katharine de Kay Bronson, who presided over the expatriate community there; 2 circa 1892-1893 letters documenting Whistler's determination to pursue Sheridan Ford through the courts in response to Ford's publication of a contraband version of Whistler's book *The Gentle Art of Making Enemies*; and a circa 1897 letter to J. W. Beck, sent in response to Beck's request on behalf of the Royal Academy that he exhibit with the British contingent at the 1893 World's Columbian Exposition in Chicago. In the letter Whistler insults Sir Frederic Leighton, the Royal Academy's president, retaliating against previous slights including having his paintings hung well above eye-level, or "skied".

Although few, if any, records survive about the creation of The Company of the Butterfly, a syndicate established in 1897 for selling Whistler's work, the collection contains one letter from Christine Anderson, the secretary of the Company, to one of it's first clients, Herbert Charles Pollitt.

The collection also contains an 1883 invitation from Whistler to Dr. Swan Burnett and his wife, children's author Frances Hodgson Burnett, to view etchings and drypoints and a note written by Whistler and signed with the butterfly, taken from the back of the painting *Beach at Selsey Bill* (1865).

Seven catalogs dating from 1892-1910 and circa 1940 document Whistler exhibitions in London and the United States.

Seven of the Whistler items are signed with his butterfly signature and all letters sent after his wife's death in May 1896 are on mourning stationary.

# **Arrangement**

The collection is arranged as 1 series:

Missing Title:

Series 1: James McNeill Whistler Collection, 1863-1906, circa 1940 (Box 1; 0.2 linear ft.)

# Names and Subject Terms

This collection is indexed in the online catalog of the Smithsonian Institution under the following terms:

# Subjects:

**Etchers** 

Painting, American

#### Types of Materials:

Pamphlets Postcards

#### Names:

Anderson, Christine

Beck, J. W.

Boehm, Joseph Edgar, Sir, 1834-1890

Bronson, Katharine de Kay, 1834-1901

Burnett, Frances Hodgson, 1849-1924

Burnett, Swan M. (Swan Moses), 1847-1906

Company of the Butterfly

Ford, Sheridan, d. 1922

Lee, George Washington Custis, 1832-1913

Lee, Robert E. (Robert Edward), 1807-1870

Leighton of Stretton, Frederic Leighton, Baron, 1830-1896

Lucas, George A., 1824-1909

Pollitt, Herbert Charles Jerome, 1871-1942

Royal Academy of Arts (Great Britain)

Salon (Exhibition: Paris, France)

Salon des refusés

Wilde, Oscar, 1854-1900

World's Columbian Exposition (1893: Chicago, III.)

## Occupations:

Art dealers -- France -- Paris

**Painters** 

# **Container Listing**

# Series 1: James McNeill Whistler Collection, 1863-1906, circa 1940

0.2 Linear feet (Box 1)

Arrangement: Letters, invitations, telegraphs and cards from Whistler are arranged alphabetically by recipient, either in individual named folders or grouped by letter. These are followed by letters from others. The pamphlet Wilde v. Whistler, the note from The Beach at Selsey Bill, and exhibition catalogs can be found at the end of the series

exhibition catalogs can be found at the end of the series.			
Box 1, Folder 1	From Whistler Notes:	to Frederick H. Allen, circa 1892-1893 June 6 (reports that Sheridan Ford has left Paris for New York under an assumed name and is anxious that the "shocking scoundrel" not "slip through the very clever fingers of the New York Police.")	
Box 1, Folder 2	From Whistler Notes:	to Correspondents, B, circa 1890s (correspondents include Carolline Van H. Bean, Miss Bird, and W.H.J. Boot)	
Box 1, Folder 3	From Whistler Notes:	to J. W. Beck, 1892 July 13 (handwritten copies of letter from and response to, J. W. Beck insulting the Royal Academy's president Sir. Frederick Leighton and stating his belief that "no previous desire on his part ever to deal with work of mine, has prepared me with the proper sort of acknowledgment. No! no Mr. Beck-"Once hung-twice Sky!")	
Box 1, Folder 4	From Whistler Notes:	to C. B. Bigelow, 1891 Oct. 5 (mentions the advance he gave to Sheridan Ford that was was never returned and refers to Ford's upcoming prosecution in Antwerp, Belgium)	
Box 1, Folder 5	From Whistler	to Katharine de Kay Bronson, circa 1880, circa 1896	
Box 1, Folder 6	From Whistler Burnett), 1883	to Dr. Swan Burnett and Mrs. Burnett (Frances Hodgson	
Box 1, Folder 7	From Whistler	to Mr. Dubourg, circa 1890	
Box 1, Folder 8	From Whistler	to Katherine Bayard Heyward, circa 1890	
Box 1, Folder 9	From Whistler Notes:	to George Washington Custis Lee, circa 1879 (draft of a letter recommending the sculptor Joseph Boehm	

for the commission of an equestrian statue of Lee's father Robert E. Lee. Whistler and G. W. Custis Lee had been cadets at West Point when Robert E. Lee had been the Academy's superintendent. Letter closes with "Let me recall myself to your recollection as an old West Point comrade who has never forgotten the high opinion all held of yourself and the veneration we had of your Father.")

Box 1, Folder 10	From Whistler Notes:	to George Lucas, 1863 Mar. 16 (states he is sending the "White Girl" to the Paris exhibition. "I have set my heart upon this succeeding, as it would be a crusher for the Royal Academy here" He asks Lucas to meet the painting and deliver it)
Box 1, Folder 11	From Whistler	to W. Nicholson, circa 1890
Box 1, Folder 12	From Whistler Notes:	to Correspondents, P, circa 1890-1894 (includes letter to William Patten regarding being an agent for Whistler's paintings; see also letter from Voglein to Patten)
Box 1, Folder 13	From Whistler Notes:	to Herbert Charles Pollitt, 1896-1897 (includes card on mourning stationary postmarked 12 days after the death of his wife Beatrix, thanking Pollitt for "kind expressions")
Box 1, Folder 14	From Whistler Notes:	to Correspondents Illegible/Unidentified, circa 1880s-1902 (includes 1902 letter probably to rare prints dealer Frederick Keppel)
Box 1, Folder 15	From Christine Notes:	Anderson to Herbert Charles Pollitt, 1897 October (October letter from secretary of the "The Company of the Butterfly" to one of it's first clients requesting that Pollitt send a check "for the baby you so brilliantly carried off")
Box 1, Folder 16	From W. Nicho	Ison to Herbert Charles Pollitt, 1897
Box 1, Folder 17	From Voglein to Notes:	o William Patten, 1890 Dec. 14 (letter asking Patten to be an agent for Whistler's paintings; see also related Whistler letter to Mr. Patten)
Box 1, Folder 18	Note from The Notes:	Beach at Selsey Bill, circa 1884  (Whistler note with butterfly signature found pasted on the back of "Beach at Selsey Bill" stating that the "rag of canvas" was "never meant to be signed"; also a printed note stating Whistler's request that "the public should be warned against the possible purchase of a picture in no way representative, and in its acutal condition absolutely worthless.")
Box 1, Folder 19		er: Being an Acrimonious Correspondence on Art Between and James A. McNeill Whistler, Pamphlet, 1906
Box 1, Folder	Exhibition Cata	alogs
Box 1, Folder 20		, marines & chevalet pieces: small collection kindly lent by their ondon, Goupil Gallery, 1892
Box 1, Folder 21	Etchings b	by James McNeill Whistler, Boston, St. Botolph Club, 1894

Box 1, Folder 22	Etchings and Dry Points by Whistler Recently Acquired and Etchings and Lithographs by Whistler (annotated), New York, H. Wunderlich & Co., 1905, 1907
Box 1, Folder 23	Etchings and Lithographs of James McNeill Whistler, Chicago, Art Institute of Chicago, 1907
Box 1, Folder 24	Whistler Exhibition, New York, Metropolitan Museum of Art, 1910
Box 1, Folder 25	At the Piano Painted by James McNeill Whistler, New York, Scott & Fowles, circa 1940

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