



Smithsonian
National Museum of Natural History

Rock Island Arsenal photograph collection
related to the Wounded Knee Massacre, Battle
of Little Big Horn, Sauk and Fox Indians, n.d.

NAA Staff

2010

National Anthropological Archives
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Collection Overview

Repository:	National Anthropological Archives
Title:	Rock Island Arsenal photograph collection related to the Wounded Knee Massacre, Battle of Little Big Horn, Sauk and Fox Indians
Identifier:	NAA.PhotoLot.R82-57
Date:	undated
Extent:	11 Copy prints
Creator:	Rock Island Arsenal (Ill.)
Language:	Undetermined .

Administrative Information

Provenance

Copy prints donated by James R. Cooper, Chief of the Historical Office at Rock Island Arsenal, 1982.

Location of Other Archival Materials

Additional photographs by the Northwestern Photographic Company can be found in the national Anthropological Archives in MS 4464, 4598, and 4574, and Photo Lots 24 and 90-1.

Preferred Citation

Photo lot R82-57, Rock Island Arsenal photograph collection related to the Wounded Knee Massacre, Battle of Little Big Horn, Sauk and Fox Indians, National Anthropological Archives, Smithsonian Institution

Restrictions

The collection is open for research.

Access to the collection requires an appointment.

Conditions Governing Use

This copy collection has been obtained for reference purposes only. Contact the repository for terms of use and access.

Biographical Note

Rock Island Arsenal is located on an island in the Mississippi River between the cities of Davenport, Iowa, and Rock Island, Illinois. With the construction of Fort Armstrong in 1816, it was established as a

government site. Fort Armstrong, located just a few miles from the principal Sac and Fox village, was one of a series of western frontier defenses built by the army. The treaty ending the Black Hawk war was signed at Fort Armstrong in 1832, and the fort was garrisoned until 1836.

Scope and Contents

Images include gathering of the dead after the Massacre at Wounded Knee, January 1, 1891; a portrait of the wife of Chief Montana and captured Sioux warriors and United States Army soldiers after the Battle of Little Big Horn. A large portion of the collection represents Rock Island County history and includes images of Keokuk, chief of the Sacs Indians; Black Hawk, a war chief of the Sacs Indians; Logan Ka-ka-que, grandson of Black Hawk; Se-us-kuk, son of Black Hawk; Mary Ka-ka-que, great-great-granddaughter of Black Hawk; Jesse Ka-ka-que, great-grandson of Black Hawk; part of a Fox Indian memorial post placed at the grave of Colonel George Davenport; and summer and winter homes for Sac and Fox Indians.

Bibliography

Photographs published in Rock Island County Historical Society and Historical Section of the Davenport Academy of Sciences, Official book of the Fort Armstrong Centennial Celebration: 1816-1919, Rock Island, IL: E.O. Vaile, Jr., 1916.

Local Call Number(s)

NAA Photo Lot R82-57

Names and Subject Terms

This collection is indexed in the online catalog of the Smithsonian Institution under the following terms:

Subjects:

- Fox Indians
- Indians of North America -- Great Plains
- Indians of North America -- Northeast
- Lakota (Teton/Western Sioux)
- Little Bighorn, Battle of the, Mont., 1876
- Sauk
- Wounded Knee Massacre, S.D., 1890

Cultures:

- Fox Indians
- Indians of North America -- Great Plains
- Indians of North America -- Northeast
- Lakota (Teton/Western Sioux)
- Sauk

Types of Materials:

Photographs

Names:

Northwestern Photographic Company
United States. Army

Addl. KW Subj

Sauk & Fox

Meskwaki

Sioux